GIST	ASTHMA DIAGNOSIS TOOL Consider the diagnosis of asthma if patient states any of the following:
Guideline Implementation	 Family history of asthma, allergies or eczema Symptoms occur seasonally Symptoms when near chemicals, dusts, fumes at work Symptoms worsened by URI lasting longer than ten days, smoke, allergens or exercise
Steps & Tools	AND SPIROMETRY DEMONSTRATES OBSTRUCTION AND/OR REVERSIBILITY BY AN INCREASE IN FEV1 OF 12% OR MORE AFTER BRONCHODILATOR. Rule out co-morbid conditions. If in doubt, consult with an asthma specialist.

INTERMITTENT		MILD PERSISTENT	MODERATE PERSISTENT	SEVERE PERSISTENT	
INT	SYMPTOMS: Less than 2x/week NIGHTTIME AWAKENINGS: Less than 2x/month	SYMPTOMS: More than 2x/week, not daily NIGHTTIME AWAKENINGS: More than 2x/month	SYMPTOMS: Daily NIGHTTIME AWAKENINGS: About 1x/week, not nightly	SYMPTOMS: Throughout the day NIGHTTIME AWAKENINGS: More than 1x/week, often nightly	
IMPAIRMENT	INTERFERENCE W/NORMAL ACTIVITY:	INTERFERENCE W/NORMAL ACTIVITY:	INTERFERENCE W/NORMAL ACTIVITY:	INTERFERENCE W/NORMAL ACTIVITY:	
	 SHORT-ACTING B2-AGONIST USE: Less than 2 days/week LUNG FUNCTION: Normal FEV1; FEV1 more than 80% pred. 	 SHORT-ACTING B2-AGONIST USE: More than 2 days/week but not daily or more than 1x/day LUNG FUNCTION: FEV1 more than 80% pred. 	 SHORT-ACTING B₂-AGONIST USE: Daily LUNG FUNCTION: FEV₁ 60-80% pred. 	 SHORT-ACTING B₂-AGONIST USE: Several times/day LUNG FUNCTION: FEV₁ less than 60% pred. 	
RISK	EXACERBATIONS REQUIRING ORAL STEROIDS: All ages: 0-1/year	 EXACERBATIONS REQUIRING ORAL STEROIDS: consider severity and interval since last exacerbation Age 0-4: more than 2 in 6 months or more than 4 wheezing All ages: more than 2/year episodes/year lasting more than 1 day Exacerbations of any severity may occur in patients in any severity category. Frequency and severity may fluctuate over time. 			
TREATMENT STEP	✓ All ages: STEP 1	✓ All ages: STEP 2	✓ All Ages: STEP 3; consider short course oral steroids option	 ✓ Age 0-4: STEP 3; short course oral steroids option ✓ Age 5-11: STEP 3; STEP 4 short course oral steroids option ✓ Age 12 & over: STEP 4 or 5; short course oral steroids option 	
TREA		TREATMENT FOR PERSISTENT ASTHMA:	 ✓ Daily inhaled steroids (see treatment stepw ✓ Assess response within 2-6 weeks 	ise approach)	
FOR ALL PATIENTS WITH ASTHMA: Rescue medication for all ages, all severity levels: Short-acting B2-agonist PRN. Treatment intensity depends on symptom severity. Provide written Asthma Action Plan Identify & avoid triggers Flu vaccine recommended annually, pneumococcal vaccine for adults Review correct device technique each visit					

Reference: National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute's Expert Panel Report 3: Guidelines for the Diagnosis and Management of Asthma 2007, NIH Publication 07-4051. This tool was adapted from Washington Asthma Initiative materials.